## DIVISION 4. - LAKE AUBURN WATERSHED OVERLAY DISTRICT

Sec. 60-950. - Purpose.

The Lake Auburn Watershed District is intended to maintain safe and healthful environmental conditions; prevent and control water pollution; protect spawning ground for fish, aquatic life, bird and other wildlife habitats; control building sites; provide visual and physical points of access to waters and natural beauty; and protect and maintain the present quality and volume of potable water supplied from the Lake Auburn Watershed to the population of the Auburn-Lewiston area.

(Ord. of 9-21-2009, § 5.3A)

Sec. 60-951. - Boundaries and definitions.

The Lake Auburn Watershed District is that section of the city in which surface and subsurface waters ultimately flow or drain into Lake Auburn as such section is delineated on a watershed map and survey by the city water district on file in the office of the city water district, the city department of planning and permitting services and the city clerk. The Lake Auburn Watershed District shall be superimposed over underlying districts within such section. Permitted uses in the underlying districts shall continue subject to compliance with the provisions of the Lake Auburn Watershed District.

(Ord. of 9-21-2009, § 5.3B)

Sec. 60-952. - Use and environmental regulations.

- (a) (a) Agricultural uses. All uses of land for chicken farms, cattle farms, horse farms, egg farms, piggeries, sheep farms, stables, crop farming and other agricultural purposes shall be subject to the approval of the city water district. Such approval shall be granted upon a showing that such uses will not cause groundwater contamination or contaminate or disturb the normal course of surface water runoff.
- (b) Residential dwellings. Notwithstanding Section 60-145(a)(1), one-family detached dwellings are permitted in the Lake Auburn Watershed District on parcels containing no less than ten acres, provided that the dwelling is accessory to farming operations and subject to the following restriction: Fer the purpose of constructing a residence accessory to farming aAt least 50 percent of the total annual household income of the farm occupants living in the farm residence will be derived from suchfarm uses and the parcel must be at least 10 acres in area.
- (cb) Agricultural buffer strip. Where land adjoining Lake Auburn or its perennial tributaries is tilled for agricultural purposes, an untilled buffer strip 50 feet wide shall be retained between the tilled area and the normal high-water mark. This subsection (b) shall not be interpreted as permitting agricultural tillage in any zoning district in which it is not otherwise permitted.
- (de) Municipal and manure sludge disposal. All spreading and disposal of municipal sludge shall be accomplished in conformance with the Rules of Municipal Sludge Utilization on Land, published by the department of environmental protection in September, 1980. All spreading and disposal of manure shall be accomplished in conformance with Maine Guidelines for Manure and Manure Sludge Disposal on Land, published by the Life Sciences and Agriculture Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maine at Orono, and the Maine Soil and Water Conservation Commission in July, 1972.
- (ed) Erosion control. The following provisions shall be observed for the control of erosion in the Lake Auburn Watershed:

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- (1) Any earth cutting, moving or removal activities that will result in erosion or runoff which is likely to increase sedimentation of Lake Auburn, or any tributaries or other water bodies in the watershed is prohibited.
- (2) Vegetative cover shall not be removed except in a manner which will minimize erosion. Harvesting of trees shall be permitted only after a plan prepared by a qualified forester is submitted to and approved by the water district. Such plan will be approved or disapproved on the basis of its conformance with good watershed management practice for domestic water supplies.
- (3) Trees may be cleared, provided the cleared areas are covered with other vegetation, for approved construction and landscaping. Where such clearing is extended to the shoreline, a cleared opening or openings not greater than 30 feet in width for every 100 feet of shoreline (measured along the high-water mark) may be created in the strip extending 50 feet inland from the normal high-water mark. For purposes of this section, clearing is the removal of adjacent dominant trees which extend into the canopy and shrubs within ten feet of the shoreline. Where natural vegetation is removed, it shall be replaced with other vegetation which is equally effective in retarding erosion and preserving natural beauty. When the vegetative cover is changed in areas greater than three acres, a plan shall be filed with the city water district indicating the changes so that a record can be maintained of watershed water yields to the system.
- (fe) Private sewage disposal systems. The following regulations shall be adhered to in the development of private sewage disposal systems in the Lake Auburn Watershed:
  - (1) Subsurface absorption areas shall not be permitted on sites on which the highest seasonal groundwater table, bedrock, or other impervious layer is less than 36 inches below the bottom of the organic horizon. Not less than 24 inches of suitable soil shall be present below the bottom of the subsurface absorption area. The bottom of such subsurface absorption area shall not be less than 12 inches below the bottom of the organic horizon measured from the lowest point on the subsurface absorption area.
  - (2) Within areas containing soils described as deep, loose and sandy or gravelly and which contain more than 70 percent sand as shown on table 9-3 of the state plumbing code, part II (April 25, 1975), no subsurface absorption area shall be installed closer than 300 feet to the normal highwater mark of any lake, pond, or yearround or intermittent stream. Where the daily sewage flow is or is reasonably likely to be in excess of 2,000 gallons, the system shall be located at least 1,000 feet from the normal high-water mark of any lake, pond or yearround or intermittent stream.
  - (3) The city water district shall have the right to inspect any system within the Lake Auburn Watershed District during its construction and operation and may notify the health office, police chief, local plumbing inspector or housing inspector who shall require the abatement of such defects or malfunctions.
  - (4) The local plumbing inspector shall furnish a copy of all site investigation reports in the Lake Auburn Watershed District to the city water district.
  - (5) Replacement or reconstruction of private residential sewage disposal systems in existence and in use on December 17, 1983 shall not be subject to the requirements of this section but shall be required to comply with the current state plumbing code.

(Ord. of 9-21-2009, § 5.3C)

Sec. 60-953. - Dimensional regulations; building setbacks.

All buildings and structures, except those requiring direct access to the water as an operational necessity, shall be constructed not less than 75 feet inland from the normal high-water mark. Operational necessity shall include private docks, but shall not include boathouses, storage sheds, garages or other

structures. Marinas and boat rental facilities shall not be permitted within 75 feet of the normal high-water mark of Lake Auburn.

(Ord. of 9-21-2009, § 5.3D)

Sec. 60-954. - Conflicts.

In any case in which a provision of this section conflicts with a provision of any other section of this chapter, the provision which establishes the more stringent standard shall apply.

(Ord. of 9-21-2009, § 5.3E)

Secs. 60-955—60-981. - Reserved.